

# Domestic Violence and Abuse Workplace Procedure

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#### **Alternative Formats**

This documentation can be made available in alternative formats such as large print, Braille, disk, audio tape or in an ethnic-minority language upon request. Requests for alternative formats can be made to the Probation Board using the following contact information:

Equality Manager Probation Board for Northern Ireland 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor 80-90 North Street Belfast BT1 1LD

Telephone number: 028 9052 2522

E-mail: info@pbnigov.uk

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## 1. Background

Domestic violence and abuse continues to be an ongoing issue throughout Northern Ireland. It is important to recognise that domestic violence and abuse is a societal problem which know no boundaries with regard to age, gender identity, marital status, race, ethnicity or religious groups, sexual orientation, social class, disability or geography.

Everyone has the right to feel safe and be protected from harm. PBNI strives to create a working environment that promotes the understanding that everyone has the right to live free from violence and abuse in any form. The responsibility for the violence and abuse lies with the perpetrator and such violence and abuse will not be tolerated.

The PBNI is committed to helping those involved in, or experiencing, domestic violence and abuse.

The Domestic Violence and Abuse Procedure seeks to establish clear guidelines to ensure that

- Victims of domestic violence and abuse are aware of the help and support available
- Managers fully understand their role and responsibilities
- With regard to employees found to be a perpetrator (or alleged perpetrator) of domestic violence and abuse, the PBNI reserves the right to invoke appropriate PBNI Policies and Procedures such as Disciplinary.

## 2. Identifying Domestic Violence and Abuse within the Workplace

The PBNI recognises that domestic violence and abuse is not confined to the home and that is it inevitable it will impact upon the employee within the workplace.

Individuals experiencing domestic violence can suffer a broad range of physical and emotional consequences. Possible signs of domestic violence include

- high absenteeism rate without explanation
- uncharacteristic depression, anxiety, distraction or problems with concentration
- changes in quality of work performance for no apparent reason
- the receipt of repeated upsetting calls/faxes/emails
- the individual being the victim of vandalism or threats
- obsession with time
- needing regular time off for appointments
- inappropriate or excessive clothing

- repeated injuries, unexplained bruising or explanations that do not fit the injuries displayed
- increased hours being worked for no apparent reason

It is important to note that the above list is not exhaustive. Individuals experiencing domestic violence suffer a broad range of physical and emotional consequences and it may be the case that some people do not display any visible signs of violence or abuse. Everyone's reaction is different and changes in behaviour may be evident or they can be difficult to identify. It is also important to remember that whilst there are similarities in responses, domestic violence and abuse will affect women, men and LGBT in different ways and victims may need specialised support.

People experiencing domestic violence and abuse are especially vulnerable once they attempt to leave abusive partners and may become vulnerable going to or coming from work or while they are at work as the abuser knows where they are located.

#### 3. Role of Human Resources

The Human Resources Department has a central responsibility in the development of policy and procedures, to communicate to all employees, and to advise both employees and managers on domestic violence and abuse.

The HR Department is committed to creating a supportive environment and to creating mechanisms for employees, experiencing domestic violence, to seek help and support. The paramount consideration is to ensure the health and well-being of employees who are the victims of domestic violence and abuse.

Employees experiencing domestic violence can seek advice and support directly from their HR business partner and they will receive an empathetic, supportive and non-judgemental response.

Human Resources responsibilities include:

- Publishing the policy to staff
- Advising employees and managers on implementation of the policy for dealing with domestic violence
- Ensuring the employee is aware of the options available to them
- Working with managers to respond to domestic violence, including granting annual leave/special leave, allowing flexible or more flexible working, making staff aware of financial assistance and, if required opportunities for a change of location.
- Advising managers on the sensitive use of performance and/or managing attendance procedures
- Respecting the confidentiality of the individual concerned although total
  confidentiality might not be possible in all cases and should not be promised
  e.g. in the circumstances of child protection or the protection of vulnerable
  adults from abuse, or where there is serious concern regarding potentially,

serious harm to an individual, or where a crime/unlawful activity has been disclosed there may be a legal requirement to share information with appropriate statutory organisations. The PBNI wishes to ensure that all actions arising from disclosure of domestic violence and abuse are employee led and will endeavour to support employees but cannot guarantee complete confidentiality in cases where a crime or risk of significant harm has been disclosed.

## 4. Role of Line Managers

Individual managers, in consultation with the HR department, can play a key role in supporting staff who are subject to, or have been the victims of domestic abuse. The role of the manager is not to deal with domestic violence and abuse itself. Managers should make a managerial commitment rather than a personal commitment to help a member of staff and outline what help is available to them from both an organisational perspective and in signposting to external support services. This reduces the potential for confusion about the manager's role or blurring of responsibilities.

Any discussion about the employee's situation should take place in private and any questions asked with care and sensitivity. The line manager should

- provide information about the policy
- create an environment where employees feel safe and able to talk about issues that are affecting them
- prioritise safety, explore with employees the steps they can take to increase their personal safety
- be approachable and take the time to talk to the employee ensuring any discussions take place in private.
- Listen, reassure and support individuals
- provide a sensitive, non-judgmental response that includes providing details of
  the support systems and options that are available respect the confidentiality
  of the individual concerned although total confidentiality might not be possible
  in all cases and should not be promised e.g. if there are concerns about the
  safety of children, or unlawful activity has been disclosed, or it is essential to
  pass on information to others such as HR.

Signs of violence should not be ignored but employees should not be pressurized into disclosing any personal information that they do not feel comfortable sharing. Similarly, managers should respect the choices and decisions the employee may make about the situation. Often it is difficult for someone to leave due to finances, children and threats of violence. Be aware that a victim may make many attempts before they finally leave an abusive partner.

Where it is alleged that a member of staff is perpetrating abuse during work time or using work resources, the manager should discuss with HR as a matter of urgency.

If an employee does not feel comfortable talking to a line manager, they can contact HR or opt to speak to trained individuals within the organisation (a "Trusted Colleague" – see Appendices 2 and 3).

## 5. Help and Support for Victims of Domestic Violence and Abuse

Any employee experiencing or disclosing domestic violence and abuse should be aware that there is help available. The member of staff will be given advice on a range of services that may provide specialist help and support. They will also be given assistance to access these services should they require it.

If required, changes will be considered within the workplace to make it a safer place for the individual. The following is a list of possible adjustments that can be made

- if the employee is absent a method of communication should be arranged with line managers so that they are aware the individual is safe
- identifying a work contact for support and an emergency contact should the organisation be unable to contact the employee
- where reasonably possible consider a temporary or permanent change in work location
- review working times and patterns
- review office layout to ensure that the employee is not visible from reception points or ground floor windows
- agree with the employee what to tell colleagues and how they should respond should the abuser ring or call at the workplace
- with consent provide a photograph of the abuser to reception/colleagues
- diverting telephone calls
- diverting emails to a separate folder
- confirm that the employee has arrangements for safely getting to and from work
- allow special leave or short-term flexible working arrangements to facilitate any practical arrangements that are required e.g. seeking legal advice, to rearrange housing or childcare, or to attend court or to attend specialist support agencies
- attendance at Inspire (Carecall) counselling service
- Providing information on financial support routes
- Advice on arrangements for flexible working on a longer-term or permanent basis if necessary.
- Advice on provision of longer-term unpaid special leave if the employee needs to take leave from work due to domestic violence and abuse, the length and type of leave will be determined by the individual's situation through collaboration with the employee, their line manager and HR subject to both service needs and the needs of the individual.

People experiencing domestic violence know their abusers better than anyone else and they should play an active part in deciding what steps will be taken to ensure their personal safety.

## 6. What can Other Employees Do?

Colleagues may recognise that a fellow employee is in an abusive situation at home. Employees should be able to speak in confidence either to their line manager, their HR business partner or to trained individuals within the organisation (Trusted Colleague – see role profile at Appendices 2 and 3) if they have concerns about the safety of a colleague.

It might be difficult for the person being abused to acknowledge the problem directly to work colleagues but all employees can take basic steps to assist colleagues experiencing domestic violence. For example

- talking to the individual and explaining their concern and asking is there anyway they can help
- offering the opportunity to talk without applying pressure to reveal more than the individual is prepared to give
- offering support and being a good listener
- trying to be supportive but not judgemental
- with the victim's consent helping to report incidents to the line manager

Employees should recognise that they are not counsellors. It is important that they do not promise more than they are able to provide and are aware of their own well being.

## 7. Trade Union Representatives

Trade Union representatives can offer support, encouragement and guidance to the employee. It is not their role to act as counsellor but the TU representative can

- assure the employee that the matter will be dealt with in a sympathetic and confidential manner but it is important to advise that if anything of a criminal nature is disclosed eg child or vulnerable adults' protection issues, this will have to be reported.
- Adopt a non-judgemental attitude
- Encourage the employee to seek professional help and provide details of the support systems that are available.
- Discuss the various options set out under this Domestic Violence and Abuse Procedure and agree a way forward
- Offer to accompany the employee to line management and/or HR

#### 8.Trusted Colleagues

The PBNI is committed to ensuring a supportive working environment for any employee who discloses that they are experiencing domestic violence and abuse. As part of the commitment to the ONUS Workplace Charter on Domestic Violence, the PBNI has in place the role of 'Trusted Colleague' to offer peer support to staff who are affected by domestic abuse.

The Trusted Colleague network is made from a number of fully trained employees at all levels of the organisation. The network is co-ordinated by a 'Lead Trusted Colleague' who will seek to ensure that the PBNI act as a best practice employer in handling of domestic abuse issues.

## The Trusted Colleague can

- Listen to the concerns of the employee confidentially and without judgement
- Ensure the employee is aware of the PBNI Domestic Violence and Abuse Procedure and the support available to them
- Identify ways that the PBNI can help to ensure the health and safety whilst at work and support the employee to approach their line manager where this is required
- Signpost the employee to further support available such as Women's Aid.
- Offer to advise the person's line manager of the situation and to report incidents. Please note however if a colleague is experiencing domestic abuse or is at risk of injury or harm, and refuses to access support, the trusted colleague must speak with his/her line manager.

#### The Trusted Colleague cannot however

- Provide the employee with legal advice or options in terms of the criminal justice system but can signpost to where the information is available
- Advise the employee what to do next this is always the employee's own decision

The Trusted Colleague role profile is set out in Appendix 2. A list of Trusted Colleagues and contact details are set out in Appendix 3. A Trusted Colleague pro forma record is set out in Appendix 5. This should be used to record contact between an employee and Trusted Colleague. Appendix 6 is a safety plan and Appendix 7 is a workplace safety plan. Both plans can be completed with the assistance of a Trusted Colleague and/or a line manager.

## 9. Perpetrators of Domestic Violence and Abuse in the Workplace

Perpetrators of domestic violence/abuse might use workplace resources such as telephone, or email to threaten, harass or abuse their current or former partners, and may involve other colleagues, who may not be aware of their motives, in assisting them.

Domestic abuse perpetrated by probation employees will not be tolerated under any circumstances nor will it be treated as a purely private matter which is of little or no concern to the organisation.

PBNI recognises that it can have a role in encouraging and supporting employees address offending/problematic behaviour of all kinds and will treat any allegation or conviction on a case by case basis for disciplinary purposes.

When faced with staff members who have been convicted of an offence involving domestic abuse, those against whom an allegation has been made or those who come forward who are presenting concerns about their behaviour within an intimate relationship PBNI will take into account the following:

- protecting adult and child victims, potential future victims, members of the public and probation staff from the effects of further violence
- ensuring that staff who commit domestic abuse related offences are held accountable
- upholding public confidence in the integrity of PBNI as a whole
- upholding public confidence and the confidence of victims in reporting domestic abuse and in the PBNI response to domestic abuse

The Probation Board for Northern Ireland reserves the right to consider the use of the Disciplinary Policy and Procedure or any other Board Policies or Procedures should an employee's activities outside of work have an impact on their ability to perform the role for which they are employed and/or be considered to bring the organisation into disrepute.

The PBNI may also take disciplinary action against any employee who uses the time, property or the resources of PBNI to abuse a partner, family member or anyone.

An employee who has a Court Order in relation to domestic violence and abuse in place against them must declare this to PBNI.

## Useful telephone numbers

## Anyone who feels in immediate danger should dial 999

	Ι.	
Police Service of Northern Ireland	In a non-emergency you can call PSNI and ask to speak to a Domestic violence officer who are available in all areas	101
	The Domestic Violence and Abuse Disclosure Scheme (DVADS).  This scheme gives members of the public a 'right to ask', a	Complete an application on line www.psni.police.uk/ domestic-abuse
	formal mechanism to make enquiries about an individual who they have a relationship with, or who is in a relationship with someone they know, where there is a concern that the individual	
	may be violent or abusive towards their partner.	
Women's Aid	Women's aid is the lead voluntary organisation responding to domestic violence in Northern Ireland. Its main aim is to create a safe and supportive society for women, children and young people affected by domestic violence.	
	Northern Ireland 24 hour Free-Phone Domestic and Sexual Violence Helpline Women's Aid Federation Northern Ireland	08088021414  Text Support to 07797 805839  028 9024 9041
	Local Women's Aid Advice	020 3024 3041
	Centres  Antrim, Ballymena, Carrickfergus, Larne, Newtownabbey	028 2563 2136

	Armagh and Down	028 3025 0765
	Belfast & Lisburn	028 9066 6049
	Causeway	028 7035 6573
	Fermanagh	028 6632 8898
	Foyle	028 7141 6800
	Mid Ulster	028 8676 9300
	North Down and Ards	028 9127 3196
	Omagh	028 8224 1414
Men's Organisations	Men's Advisory Project	028 90 241929
l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l	Men to Men	028 90 247027
Gay/Lesbian/Bisexual/	Cara Friend	020 00 2 11 021
Transgender Helplines	LGBT Switchboard Helpline	0808 8000 390
	(Tues/Wed/Thurs evening	
	from 6pm to 9pm))	
	Rainbow Project	
	Delfere	000 0004 0000
	Belfast	028 9031 9030
	Londonderry	028 7128 3030
Other useful numbers	The Rowan – Sexual Assault	0800 389 4424
	Referral Centre NI Nexus NI	
	Nexus IVI	
	Derry	028 7126 0566
	Portadown	028 3835 0588
	Enniskillen	028 6632 0046
	Victim Support	626 6662 66 16
	Тошт Саррот	
	Belfast	028 90 243133
	Ballymena	028 2563 0784
	Londonderry	028 7137 0086
	Newry	028 3025 1321
	Omagh	028 8224 0012
	Disability Action	
	2.5domy / totton	
	Belfast	028 90 297880
	Dungannon	028 8775 2372
	North West	028 7136 0811
	_	
	Ethnic Minorities	
	Citizens Advice Bureau	0300 1233 233
	Carrickfergus  Northern Ireland Council for Ethnic Minorities	028 9336 9367 028 90238645
	Uitizens Advice Bureau	0300 1233 233

Law Society (Legal and Local	028 9023 1614
Solicitor Advice)	
Relate NI	028 9032 3454
Samaritans	08457 90 90 90
Parents Advice Centre	0808 8010 722
Northern Ireland Legal	028 90 408888
Services Commission	
Age NI(Free phone)	0808 808 7575
Children in Northern Ireland	028 9040 1290
Lifeline	0808 808 8000
 NSPCC Helpline	0808 800 5000
Inspire (Carecall)	0808 800 0002
Counselling Service 24 hour	
helpline	
NIPSA Welfare Fund	9066 1831
provides support to members	
at times of unforeseen	
financial hardship.	
Help is available to members	
wo meet the criteria and	
urgent attention is always	
given to those cases where	
domestic and sexual violence	
and abuse is highlighted.	
 ForYouByYou.org.uk is the	0800 056 2424
NI Civil Service charity which	
can provide confidential	
support and advice including	
financial assistance.	





## TRUSTED COLLEAGUE DOMESTIC VIOLENCE AND ABUSE PROCEDURE

Training will be provided to staff who wish to fulfil this role with PBNI.

The role of Trusted Colleague is as follows:

- Provide information about the policy
- Be aware of the signs which indicate abuse could be taking place.

  (See paragraph 2 of procedure Identifying domestic violence and abuse)
- Help create an environment where victims feel comfortable talking about issues that are affecting them.
- Let the person know that he/she can talk to you about abuse, take time to talk, to listen, and know how to ask the right questions.
- Provide a sensitive, non-judgemental response that includes providing details of the support systems available. (Details as set out in appendix 1 of the Procedure)
- Make the person aware of his/her options at work and outside of work and explore
  the steps he/she can take to increase personal safety (See appendix 5 Trusted
  Colleague Record, Appendix 6 Sample safety plan and Appendix 7 Sample
  workplace safety plan. See also possible adjustments that can be made as outlined
  in paragraph 5 of the Procedure).
- Offer to advise the person's line manager of the situation and to report incidents.
  Please note however if a colleague is experiencing domestic abuse or is at risk of
  injury or harm, and refuses to access support, you must speak with his/her line
  manager.
- See also Appendix 4 in regard to confidentiality.
- As a trusted colleague you should recognise that you are not a trained counsellor.
   It is important that you do not promise more than what can be provided and you must be aware of your own well-being.

## Domestic Violence and Abuse (Staff) Procedure

## Trusted Colleague Contact Details - Information for internal use only

Name	Office Number	Mobile Number

## **Lead Trusted Colleague Details**

Name	Office Number	Mobile Number
Italiio	Cilioc Italiisoi	mobile Halliber

#### Use and Retention of Information provided to the Trusted Colleague

The information employees provide to the Trusted Colleague will remain confidential between them both unless it is agreed otherwise.

In some circumstances total confidentiality might not be possible and should not be promised e.g. in the circumstances of child protection or the protection of vulnerable adults from abuse, or where there is serious concern regarding potentially, serious harm to an individual, or where a crime/unlawful activity has been disclosed there may be a legal requirement to share information with appropriate statutory organisations.

The PBNI wishes to ensure that all actions arising from disclosure of domestic violence and abuse are employee led and will endeavour to support employees but cannot guarantee complete confidentiality in cases where a crime or risk of significant harm has been disclosed. the Trusted Colleague may be obligated to pass on the information which has been disclosed. Such circumstances will include:

- Where there is concern that the staff member may self-harm
- Where there is potential risk to vulnerable adults or children
- Where unlawful activity has been disclosed
- Where it is essential to pass on information to others such as HR

Any records kept will be retained in a sealed envelope and will be forwarded to the Lead Trusted Colleague marked 'official sensitive personal'.

The Lead Trusted Colleague will review and discuss further with the Trusted Colleague involved (debrief) if necessary so that the Trusted Colleague can be assured they have acted appropriately.

The Lead Trusted Colleague will sign off the form to confirm they have read it and advised of further action if necessary.

The records will be retained securely in a sealed envelope by the Lead Trusted Colleague in line with the data protection legislation. Contact with a Trusted Colleague is an informal process and the retention of records by the Lead Trusted Colleague is to ensure details are kept as confidential as possible with minimum involvement of others unless necessary.

The retention of records by the Lead Trusted Colleague is also to enable prompt access to the information by the Lead Trusted Colleague in the event that the original Trusted Colleague is not available (and further action is necessary to assist the employee) or to enable debriefing should a 'handover' be required to another Trusted Colleague.

The Lead Trusted Colleague will however send anonymous information (no employee details) to Human Resources to enable PBNI to review practice if necessary and ascertain how extensive domestic violence and abuse is within the organisation. This information will be kept in table format and include such detail as:

- how many contacts have been made to Trusted Colleagues and/or line managers
- support provided locally to employees
- support provided with HR involvement (including use of other PBNI policies



## **Trusted Colleague Record**

This form should be used to record contact between PBNI employees and Trusted Colleagues. This form will be retained in a sealed envelope marked 'official sensitive personal' and forwarded to the Lead Trusted Colleague.

Trusted Colleague should seek to ensure that the PBNI's information on the Role of a Trusted Colleague is fully explained to the staff member concerned before this form is completed.

Employee Seeking Support Details:	
Name:	
Job Title:	
Work Location:	
Trusted Colleague Details:	
Name:	
Job Title:	
Work Location:	
Initial Contact:	
Initial Contact Established:	In person [ ] Telephone Call [ ]
Date & Time:	
Meeting Facilitated:	
Date:	
Time:	
Location:	

Information disclosed to Trusted Colleague
Information provided by the Trusted Colleague:

Agre	ed Action Plan:
Chec	klist:-
Please	e confirm the following by ticking the box provided:-
]	] Employee has been issued with the PBNI's Domestic Violence and Abuse Procedure and this has been fully explained including the type of support which the PBNI may be able to offer
[	] Employee has been issued with the PBNI's information on the role of a Trusted Colleague and this has been fully explained
[	] Employee has been signposted to the 24 hour domestic violence helpline and is aware of the information & support provided by Women's Aid (where appropriate)
]	] The ONUS sample safety plan has been discussed with the staff member including the specific safety measures to be considered when a partner is considering leaving a relationship
[	] Safety in the workplace has been discussed and any specific risks have been addressed so far as reasonably practicable within the agreed action plan
]	Employee has been advised of how their information will be retained and consents accordingly. Restrictions on confidentiality i.e. where there is a disclosure in relation to self-harm or a risk to vulnerable adults or children have been discussed. (See Domestic Violence and Abuse Procedure section 8and appendix 2).

_			
Signature	- Employee		
Signature:		Date:	
Print:		Job Title:	
Signature	- Trusted Colleague		
Signature:		Date:	
Print:		Job Title:	
Lead Trust	ed Colleague		
	and any accompanying safety pleague and the Trusted Colleag		will be reviewed by the Lead any further action is appropriate.
	wed records will be retained sec lope (see appendix 4 of proced	, ,	Lead Trusted Colleague in a
necessary	I and any safety plan records is set out below and has been action required this has been	n discussed	eviewed. Any further action with the Trusted Colleague. If
Signature	- Lead Trusted Colleague		
Signature:		Date:	
Print:		Job Title:	

A COPY OF THIS FORM SHOULD BE COPIED FOR THE EMPLOYEE UPON REQUEST. HOWEVER, THE EMPLOYEE SHOULD BE INFORMED OF THE POTENTIAL RISKS INVOLVED AND THAT IT MAY NOT BE SAFE FOR THEM TO DO SO.





## Sample safety plan

This safety plan has been adapted from a variety of existing plans. It should be used with a person who is living with or escaping violence.

Remember it may not be safe for someone to fill in the plan and take it with them. Always offer to keep any information or documentation on your premises, securely and confidentially.

Employee	
Name:	
Job Title:	
Work Location:	
Trusted Colleague	
Name:	
Job Title:	
Work Location:	
Suggestions for increasing safety in the	relationship
I will have important phone numbers	available to my children and myself.
I can tell	and
about the violence and ask them to coming from my home.	call the police if they hear suspicious noises
If I leave my home, I can go (list four	places):
<ul> <li>I can leave extra money, car keys, cl</li> </ul>	othes and copies of documents with

•	In an emergency I can use a code word or phrase to let my children know that I want them to get to safety immediately?
•	If I search information on-line on my home computer I will take steps to cover my tracks (see www.psni.police/uk/domestic-abuse).
•	When I leave I will bring
•	To ensure safety and independence, I can:
	<ul> <li>keep change for phone calls with me at all times;</li> <li>open my own savings account;</li> <li>rehearse my escape route with a support person;</li> <li>and review my safety plan on (date)//</li></ul>
•	When the violence begins which areas of the house should I avoid? E.g. bathroom (no exit), kitchen (potential weapons)
Sugg	estions for increasing safety when the relationship is over
•	I can:  > change the locks;  > install steel/metal doors;  > a security system;  > smoke detectors;  > an outside lighting system.
•	<ul> <li>change the locks;</li> <li>install steel/metal doors;</li> <li>a security system;</li> <li>smoke detectors;</li> </ul>
•	<ul> <li>change the locks;</li> <li>install steel/metal doors;</li> <li>a security system;</li> <li>smoke detectors;</li> <li>an outside lighting system.</li> </ul>
•	<ul> <li>change the locks;</li> <li>install steel/metal doors;</li> <li>a security system;</li> <li>smoke detectors;</li> <li>an outside lighting system.</li> </ul> I will inform and that my partner no longer lives with me and ask them to call the police of s/he is
•	<ul> <li>change the locks;</li> <li>install steel/metal doors;</li> <li>a security system;</li> <li>smoke detectors;</li> <li>an outside lighting system.</li> </ul> I will inform and that my partner no longer lives with me and ask them to call the police of s/he is observed near my home or children. I can inform the schools about any injunctions and instruct them to call the police if
	<ul> <li>change the locks;</li> <li>install steel/metal doors;</li> <li>a security system;</li> <li>smoke detectors;</li> <li>an outside lighting system.</li> </ul> I will inform and that my partner no longer lives with me and ask them to call the police of s/he is observed near my home or children. I can inform the schools about any injunctions and instruct them to call the police if the abuser is nearby. I will tell people who take care of my children the names of those that have permission to pick them up. The people who have permission are

• I can remove my name from the electoral roll, or restrict the information on it if

necessary – I can do this by contacting the local Electoral Office.

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•	<ul> <li>I can change my mobile phone, sim card and number to ensure that it is traceable.</li> </ul>	s not
•	I can tell at work about my situatio	n and ask
	to screen my calls.	
•	I can avoid shops, banks and when living with my abusive partner.	_ that I used
•	I can vary my routes and times to my work and children's schools.	
•	If I feel down and ready to return to a potentially abusive situation, I can for support.	call

## Important phone numbers

Police	
Helpline	
Friends	1.
	2.
	3.
Refuge	

## Items to take checklist

- ✓ Identification
- √ Benefit books
- ✓ Birth certificates for me and my children
- ✓ Medical cards
- ✓ Phone card, mobile phone or change for a pay phone
- √ Money, bank books, credit cards
- √ Keys house, car, office
- √ Keys to a friends or relatives house
- √ Medicine or medication
- ✓ Driver's license
- √ Change of clothes
- √ Passports, work permits, Home Office papers
- ✓ Divorce papers
- √ Lease/rental agreement, house deed
- ✓ Mortgage payment book
- ✓ Insurance papers
- ✓ Address book
- ✓ Pictures, jewellery, items of sentimental value
- ✓ Children's favourite toys/blankets
- Any proof of abuse, notes, tapes, diaries, crime reference numbers, names and numbers of professionals engage





## Sample workplace safety plan

This safety plan has been adapted from a variety of existing plans. It should be used with a person who is seeking support to stay safe in the workplace.

Remember it may not be safe for someone to fill in the plan and take it with them. Always offer to keep any information or documentation on your premises, securely and confidentially.

Not all of the steps outlined below are practicable, depending on duties of employment. Discussion with Line Manager/Human Resources Department will clarify if steps are viable, or will explore alternative means of keeping employees safe in the workplace.

Remember to outline limitations to confidentiality at earliest possible stage.

Employee	
Name:	
Job Title:	
Work Location:	
Trusted Colleague	
Name:	
Job Title:	

Suggestions for increasing safety in the workplace:		
I will have important phone numbers available in the workplace Details:	Yes	No
I can tell Trusted Colleague I am experiencing domestic abuse  Details	Yes	No
I can tell my Line Manager I am experiencing domestic abuse  Details	Yes	No
I can leave important documents, car keys with HR/Trusted	Yes	No
Colleague  Details	. 50	
If phoning in sick, I can arrange a code word or phrase to let Line Manager know I am missing work because of a domestic abuse incident  Details	Yes	No
Details		
I can ask for my working times to be reviewed with Line Manager/HR Details	Yes	No
I can work for my work pattern to be reviewed with Line Manager/HR Details	Yes	No
Dotailo		

I can review my travel to and from work	Yes	No
Details		
I can have my phone calls screened/work extension number changed/mobile number changed  Details	Yes	No
I can have my emails screened/email address changed	Yes	No
Details		
I can arrange for reception/security staff /colleagues not to disclose my whereabouts and/or alert me should approach the building  Details:	Yes	No
I can request time off to attend appointments with Line Manager/HR  Details:	Yes	No
I can access all information disclosed to Trusted Colleague/Line Manager at any time to share with external agencies (ie PSNI)  Details:	Yes	No
I give permission for my Line Manager to contact a relative/friend if unable to contact me first regarding unexplained absence  Details:	Yes	No

## Important phone numbers

Police	
Helpline	
Friends	1.
	2.
	3.
	4.
Refuge	

## Items to take checklist

- ✓ Identification
- ✓ Benefit books
- ✓ Birth certificates for me and my children
- √ Medical cards
- ✓ Phone card, mobile phone or change for a pay phone
- ✓ Money, bank books, credit cards
- √ Keys house, car, office
- ✓ Keys to a friends or relatives house
- ✓ Medicine or medication
- √ Driver's license
- √ Change of clothes
- √ Passports, work permits, Home Office papers
- ✓ Divorce papers
- √ Lease/rental agreement, house deed
- ✓ Mortgage payment book
- ✓ Insurance papers
- ✓ Address book
- ✓ Pictures, jewellery, items of sentimental value
- √ Children's favourite toys/blankets
- ✓ Any proof of abuse, notes, tapes, diaries, crime reference numbers, names and numbers of professionals engaged.